

# **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1360**

DIGEST OF HB 1360 (Updated April 7, 2009 2:09 pm - DI 58)

Citations Affected: IC 8-1; IC 32-24.

Synopsis: State energy policy. Requires the utility regulatory commission (IURC) to consider in the rate base of a public utility that complies with certain renewable energy standards (RES) any capital expenditures made by the public utility to extend gas or electric service to a customer that produces biofuels or is a renewable energy manufacturing facility. Requires the IURC to provide certain financial incentives for implementing electric line facilities projects to electricity suppliers that comply with a certain RES. Allows a public utility that proposes to take, acquire, condemn, or appropriate land, real estate, or any interest in land or real estate for certain projects related to electric line facilities to obtain from the IURC a certificate of authority. Requires the IURC to hold a public hearing and to find that the public utility has demonstrated certain elements, and to encourage investment in electric line facilities by creating financial incentives that the IURC (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2009.

## Battles, Wolkins, Pelath, Behning

(SENATE SPONSORS — GARD, DEIG, BREAUX)

January 13, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Commerce, Energy, Technology and Utilities.
February 9, 2009, reassigned to Committee on Ways and Means.
February 17, 2009, reported — Do Pass.
February 20, 2009, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed, engrossed.
February 25, 2009, read third time, passed. Yeas 91, nays 3.

SENATE ACTION

March 2, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Energy and Environmental

March 5, 2009, reassigned to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy pursuant to Senate Rule

April 9, 2009, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



finds to be reasonable and necessary. Modifies common law to provide that the owner of land against which eminent domain is initiated may object to the public purpose and necessity of the project only if the condemnor has not been issued a certificate of authority. Provides that: (1) low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facilities; and (2) purchases of energy produced by such facilities; qualify for the financial incentives available for clean coal and energy projects. Provides that an eligible business may recover qualified utility system expenses, which include specified preconstruction costs, associated with a: (1) new energy production or generating facility; or (2) low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility. Amends definition of alternative energy projects to conform with definition of renewable energy resources. Requires electricity suppliers to comply with an RES by specified dates. Provides that an electricity supplier that does not comply with a higher RES is not eligible for certain financial incentives related to renewable energy development. Requires the IURC to allow the recovery of reasonable and necessary costs incurred by an energy utility in connection with a green infrastructure project that provides electric, steam, or gas service to or receives electric, steam, or gas service from an alternate energy production facility, a renewable energy manufacturing facility, or renewable resources. Provides that an energy utility may implement a rate adjustment if the IURC fails to act on an application. Requires an investor owned electric utility to offer net metering to certain customers that generate electricity from renewable energy resources. Establishes a billing method for net metering customers. Voids conflicting administrative rules. Establishes the office of alternative energy incentives (office) within the office of energy development to administer a program to provide incentives for rural electric membership corporations (corporations) and their cooperatively owned power suppliers to develop alternative energy projects. Provides that: (1) the director of the office of energy development; or (2) the designee of the director of the office of energy development; shall serve as the office's director. Allows two or more corporations that are members of the same cooperatively owned power supplier to develop alternative energy projects jointly. Gives the office authority to adopt rules to implement the program. Provides that a corporation shall have access to federal economic stimulus funds: (1) for the same uses; and (2) in accordance with the same processes; as any other energy utility may have access to or use federal economic stimulus money.





First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1360**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-23.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 2 AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 3 1, 2009]: Sec. 23.1. (a) This section applies to a public utility that complies with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b). 4 5

- (b) For purposes of section 23 of this chapter, the construction, addition, extension, or improvement of a public utility's plant or equipment to provide electric or gas service to a customer that:
  - (1) produces biodiesel, ethanol, or any other biofuel; or
  - (2) is a renewable energy manufacturing facility (as defined in IC 8-1-38-4);
- is in fact used and useful in the public service.
- (c) This subsection applies to a public utility's general rate proceeding that immediately follows the public utility's investment in a construction, an addition, an extension, or an improvement



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1	described in subsection (b). A public utility may accrue for
2	recovery in the rate proceeding depreciation and a return, not to
3	exceed a total of fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000), on the public
4	utility's investment at the rate of return authorized by the
5	commission in the public utility's general rate proceeding
6	immediately preceding the investment. The accrual of a return by
7	a public utility under this subsection:
8	(1) begins on the date the public utility initially records the
9	investment in the public utility's books or records, as
10	determined by the commission; and
11	(2) ends on the earlier of the following dates:
12	(A) The date on which the public utility accrues the full
13	return determined under this subsection.
14	(B) The date rates are placed in effect after a general rate
15	proceeding that recognizes an investment by a public
16	utility in the public utility's rate base.
17	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (c), the commission shall revoke
18	a cost recovery approved under this chapter for an electricity
19	supplier that the commission determines has:
20	(1) elected to; and
21	(2) failed to;
22	comply with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).
23	(e) This section expires December 31, 2020, unless reauthorized
24	by the general assembly before December 31, 2020. However, a
25	return accrued under this section before January 1, 2021, expires
26	on the appropriate date determined under subsection $(c)(2)$ even if
27	the expiration date occurs after December 31, 2020.
28	SECTION 2. IC 8-1-8.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
29	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
30	PASSAGE]:
31	Chapter 8.2. Electric Line Facilities Projects
32	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the
33	Indiana utility regulatory commission created by IC 8-1-1-2.
34	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "electric line facilities" means
35	the following:
36	(1) Overhead or underground electric transmission lines.
37	(2) Overhead or underground electric distribution lines.
38	(3) Electric substations.
39	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "electric line facilities project"
40	means an addition to or the construction, operation, maintenance.

reconstruction, relocation, upgrading, or removal of electric line



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facilities.

1	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "electricity supplier" means a	
2	public utility that furnishes retail electric service to the public.	
3	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "public utility" has the meaning	
4	set forth in IC 8-1-2-1.	
5	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "regional transmission	
6	organization" refers to the regional transmission organization	
7	approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the	
8	control area in which an electricity supplier operates electric line	
9	facilities.	
10	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy resources"	
11	has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-37-4.	
12	Sec. 8. This chapter applies to an electricity supplier that	
13	complies with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).	
14	Sec. 9. (a) The commission shall encourage electric line facilities	
15	projects by creating the following financial incentives for electric	
16	line facilities that are reasonable and necessary:	
17	(1) The timely recovery of costs, by means of a periodic rate	
18	adjustment mechanism, incurred by an electricity supplier in	
19	connection with an electric line facilities project that	
20	transmits or distributes electricity generated from renewable	
21	energy resources.	
22	(2) The timely recovery of costs, by means of a periodic rate	
23	adjustment mechanism, incurred by an electricity supplier	
24	taking service under a tariff of, or being assessed costs by the:	
25	(A) regional transmission organization; or	
26	(B) Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.	
27	(b) The commission shall determine a reasonable schedule	
28	under which an electricity supplier may recover costs under this	
29	section. In making a determination under this subsection, the	
30	commission shall consider the impact of the cost recovery on	
31	ratepayers of the electricity supplier.	
32	Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (h), an electricity supplier must	
33	submit an application to the commission for approval of an electric	
34	line facilities project for which the electricity supplier seeks to	
35	receive a financial incentive created under section 9 of this chapter.	
36	(b) The commission shall prescribe the form for an application	
37	submitted under this section.	
38	(c) Upon receipt of an application under subsection (a), the	
39	commission shall review the application for completeness. The	
40	commission may request additional information from an applicant	
41	as needed. The commission may not review an application	
42	submitted after December 31, 2020, unless authorized to do so by	



1	the general assembly before January 1, 2021.
2	(d) The commission, after notice and hearing, shall issue a
3	determination of an electric line facilities project's eligibility for
4	the financial incentives described in section 9 of this chapter not
5	later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the
6	application. A determination under this subsection must include a
7	finding that the applicant electricity supplier is in compliance with
8	the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).
9	(e) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), the commission shall
10	approve an application by an electricity supplier for an electric line
11	facilities project that is reasonable and necessary. An electric line
12	facilities project is presumed to be reasonable and necessary if the
13	electric line facilities project:
14	(1) is consistent with, or part of, a plan developed by the:
15	(A) regional transmission organization; or
16	(B) Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; or
17	(2) transmits or distributes electricity generated from
18	renewable energy resources.
19	However, an electricity supplier may seek approval from the
20	commission at the electricity supplier's next general rate
21	proceeding to include in the electricity supplier's basic rates the
22	recoverable costs sought in an application approved under this
23	subsection.
24	(f) This section does not relieve an electricity supplier of the
25	duty to obtain any certificate required under IC 8-1-8.5 or
26	IC 8-1-8.7.
27	(g) The commission shall not approve a financial incentive for
28	that part of an electric line facilities project that exceeds the lesser
29	of:
30	(1) seven percent (7%) of the electricity supplier's rate base
31	approved by the commission in the electricity supplier's most
32	recent general rate proceeding; or
33	(2) one hundred fifty million dollars (\$150,000,000).
34	(h) The commission may not approve a financial incentive under
35	section 9 of this chapter for a particular electricity supplier if the
36	commission has approved a financial incentive under section 9 of
37	this chapter in the preceding twelve (12) months for that electricity
38	supplier, unless the commission determines that approving a
39	particular financial incentive for an electricity supplier on a more
40	timely basis will benefit the electricity supplier's ratepayers.
41	(i) A financial incentive that the commission approves before

January 1, 2021, or that an electricity supplier applies for before



1	January 1, 2021, and that is subsequently approved, expires on the	
2	earlier of the following dates:	
3	(1) The date on which the electricity supplier accrues the full	
4	recovery amount authorized by the commission.	
5	(2) The date specified by the commission in its approval of the	
6	financial incentive.	
7	Sec. 11. The commission shall revoke all financial incentives	
8	approved under this chapter for an electricity supplier that the	
9	commission determines has:	
10	(1) elected to; and	
11	(2) failed to;	
12	comply with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).	
13	SECTION 3. IC 8-1-8.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
14	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON	
15	PASSAGE]:	
16	Chapter 8.4. Certificate of Authority for Certain Projects	1
17	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "electric line facilities" means	4
18	overhead and underground electric transmission and distribution	
19	lines, electric substations, and overhead and underground	
20	telecommunication lines associated with electric transmission and	
21	distribution.	
22	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "project" means the proposed	
23	activity of a public utility described in section 6 of this chapter.	
24	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "public utility" has the meaning	
25	set forth in IC 8-1-2-1, except as provided in IC 8-1-2-1.1.	
26	Sec. 4. A public utility that proposes to take, acquire, condemn,	
27	or appropriate land, real estate, or any interest in land or real	
28	estate for one (1) or more of the following purposes with respect to	7
29	electric line facilities may elect to follow the procedure in this	
30	chapter instead of the procedures in IC 32-24-1:	
31	(1) Construction.	
32	(2) Reconstruction.	
33	(3) Operation.	
34	(4) Maintenance.	
35	(5) Relocation.	
36	(6) Upgrade.	
37	(7) Removal.	
38	(8) Additions.	
39	Sec. 5. If a public utility makes an election under section 4 of	
40	this chapter, the public utility shall:	
41	(1) file a petition with the commission for a certificate of	
12	authority for the project, and	



1	(2) publish notice under IC 5-3-1 in each county in Indiana in	
2	which the project is to occur of:	
3	(A) the project; and	
4	(B) a public hearing to be held by the commission on the	
5	project in one (1) or more of those counties.	
6	Sec. 6. The commission shall grant intervenor status in the	
7	certificate of authority proceeding to any person that petitions the	
8	commission for intervenor status.	
9	Sec. 7. (a) After the public hearing required by section 5 of this	
0	chapter, the commission shall issue a certificate of authority under	
1	this chapter authorizing the project if in the commission	
2	proceeding the public utility demonstrates the following to the	
3	satisfaction of the commission:	
4	(1) At least one (1) of the following applies:	
.5	(A) The project is expected to result in intrastate benefits	
6	or interstate benefits, or both.	
7	(B) Except with respect to the removal of electric line	
8	facilities, the electric line facilities that are the subject of	
9	the project are needed or will be needed to furnish retail	
20	electric service or wholesale electric service, or both, in	
21	Indiana or outside Indiana, or both.	
22	(C) The project is consistent with or part of a plan	
23	developed by a regional transmission organization	
24	approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission,	
25	or a successor or similar organization, for the control area	
26	applicable to the electric line facilities.	
27	(2) Except with respect to the removal of electric line facilities,	
28	the following for the project are reasonable:	V
29	(A) The site.	
0	(B) The location.	
31	(C) The general route, width, and beginning and end points	
32	of the right-of-way.	
3	(b) After the public hearing required by section 5 of this	
4	chapter, the commission may deny the petition if the public utility	
35	fails to demonstrate the factors listed in subsection (a) to the	
6	satisfaction of the commission.	
57	Sec. 8. (a) The commission:	
8	(1) shall promptly review a petition filed under section 5 of	
19	this chapter for completeness;	
10	(2) may request additional information it considers necessary	
1	to aid in its review; and	
2	(3) subject to subsection (b) shall act under section 7 of this	



1	chapter on a petition not later than one hundred twenty (120)	
2	days after the date of the petition.	
3	(b) The period under subsection (a)(3) does not include the days	
4	beginning on the date of a request for additional information under	
5	subsection (a)(2) and ending on the date the requested information	
6	is provided.	
7	(c) If the commission fails to act in a timely manner under	
8	subsection (a)(3):	
9	(1) the factors listed in section 7(a) of this chapter are	
10	considered to have been demonstrated to the satisfaction of	
11	the commission; and	
12	(2) the certificate of authority for which the petition was filed	
13	under section 5 of this chapter is considered to have been	
14	issued by the commission under section 7 of this chapter.	
15	Sec. 9. Upon the request of the public utility, the commission	
16	shall certify the issuance of a certificate of authority under section	
17	7 of this chapter.	
18	Sec. 10. If:	
19	(1) an action in eminent domain is commenced by a public	
20	utility against an owner of land, real estate, or an interest in	
21	land or real estate to which a certificate of authority issued	
22	under section 7 of this chapter applies;	
23	(2) the public utility files in that action the certificate of	
24	authority as certified under section 9 of this chapter; and	
25	(3) the court in that action finds that the public utility has	
26	made an offer to purchase the land, real estate, or interest in	
27	land or real estate under IC 32-24-1-3(b)(2) and IC 32-24-1-5;	7
28	the court shall issue to the public utility an order of appropriation	
29	and appointment of appraisers under IC 32-24-1-7 for the land,	1
30	real estate, or interest in land or real estate and assess	
31	compensation and damages for the appropriation under	
32	IC 32-24-1.	
33	Sec. 11. Upon review of an appropriate petition filed by a public	
34	utility, the commission shall encourage investment in electric line	
35	facilities by creating financial incentives that the commission finds	
36	to be reasonable and necessary.	
37	Sec. 12. If a public utility does not petition under this chapter	
38	for a certificate of authority for specific electric line facilities:	
39	(1) nothing in this chapter diminishes:	
40	(A) the public utility's right of eminent domain for those	
41	electric line facilities; or	
42	(B) the rights of any person in any eminent domain	



1	proceeding; and
2	(2) the election by a public utility to not petition under this
3	chapter for a certificate of authority may not be raised as an
4	objection in any eminent domain proceeding by the owner
5	under IC 32-24-1-8.
6	SECTION 4. IC 8-1-8.8-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007,
7	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "clean coal and energy
9	projects" means any of the following:
10	(1) Any of the following projects:
11	(A) Projects at new energy production or generating facilities
12	that employ the use of clean coal technology and that produce
13	energy, including substitute natural gas, primarily from coal,
14	or gases derived from coal, from the geological formation
15	known as the Illinois Basin.
16	(B) Projects to provide advanced technologies that reduce
17	regulated air emissions from existing energy production or
18	generating plants that are fueled primarily by coal or gases
19	from coal from the geological formation known as the Illinois
20	Basin, such as flue gas desulfurization and selective catalytic
21	reduction equipment.
22	(C) Projects to provide electric transmission facilities to serve
23	a new energy production or generating facility or a low
24	carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting
25	energy production or generating facility.
26	(D) Projects that produce substitute natural gas from Indiana
27	coal by construction and operation of a coal gasification
28	facility.
29	(E) Projects or potential projects that employ the use of
30	low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide
31	emitting energy production or generating technologies to
32	produce electricity.
33	(2) Projects to develop alternative energy sources, including
34	renewable energy projects and or coal gasification facilities.
35	(3) The purchase of fuels or energy produced by a coal
36	gasification facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or
37	non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating
38	facility.
39	(4) Projects described in subdivisions (1) through (3) (2) that use
40	coal bed methane.
41	SECTION 5. IC 8-1-8.8-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007,
12	SECTION 15 IS AMENDED TO DEAD AS FOLLOWS (EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "eligible business"
2	means an energy utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2.5-2) or owner of a coal
3	gasification facility that:
4	(1) proposes to construct or repower a new energy production or
5	generating facility;
6	(2) proposes to construct or repower a project described in section
7	2(1) or 2(2) of this chapter;
8	(3) undertakes a project to develop alternative energy sources,
9	including renewable energy projects or coal gasification
10	facilities; or
11	(4) purchases fuels or energy produced by a coal gasification
12	facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon
13	dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility.
14	SECTION 6. IC 8-1-8.8-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
15	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
16	1, 2009]: Sec. 7.5. (a) As used in this chapter, "low carbon dioxide
17	emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or
18	generating facility" means an energy production or generation
19	facility, including transmission lines and equipment described in
20	subsection (b), that is:
21	(1) installed or constructed at the site of a facility that supplies
22	electricity to Indiana retail customers as of July 1, 2009; and
23	(2) intended to produce:
24	(A) no carbon dioxide as a byproduct of the production or
25	generation of energy; or
26	(B) less carbon dioxide per megawatt hour of electricity
27	generated than is produced per megawatt hour of
28	electricity generated by a coal fired or other fossil fuel
29	based energy production or generating facility.
30	(b) The term includes the transmission lines and other
31	associated equipment employed specifically to serve a low carbon
32	dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production
33	or generating facility.
34	SECTION 7. IC 8-1-8.8-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007,
35	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) As used in this chapter, "new energy
37	production or generating facility" refers to a generation or coal
38	gasification facility that satisfies all of the following:
39	(1) The facility produces energy primarily from coal or gases from
40	coal from the geological formation known as the Illinois Basin.
41	(2) The facility is a:
42	(A) newly constructed or newly repowered energy generation



1	plant; or	
2	(B) newly constructed generation capacity expansion at an	
3	existing facility; plant;	
4	dedicated primarily to serving Indiana retail customers.	
5	(3) The repowering, construction, or expansion of the facility was	
6	begun by an Indiana utility after July 1, 2002.	
7	(4) Except for a facility that is a clean coal and energy project	
8	under section 2(2) of this chapter, the facility has an aggregate	
9	rated electric generating capacity of at least one hundred (100)	
10	megawatts for all units at one (1) site or a generating capacity of	1
11	at least four hundred thousand (400,000) pounds per hour of	
12	steam.	
13	(b) The term includes the transmission lines, gas transportation	
14	facilities, and associated equipment employed specifically to serve a	
15	new energy generating or coal gasification facility.	
16	SECTION 8. IC 8-1-8.8-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	1
17	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
18	1, 2009]: Sec. 8.5. As used in this chapter, "qualified utility system	
19	expenses" means any preconstruction costs associated with the	
20	study, analysis, or development of a:	
21	(1) new energy production or generating facility; or	I
22	(2) new low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide	
23	emitting energy production or generating facility;	
24	including siting, design, licensing, and permitting costs.	_
25	SECTION 9. IC 8-1-8.8-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007,	
26	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
27	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "qualified utility system	
28	property" means any:	
29	(1) new energy production or generating or coal gasification	
30	facility; or	
31	(2) new low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide	
32	emitting energy production or generating facility;	
33	used, or to be used, in whole or in part, by an energy utility to provide	
34	retail energy service (as defined in IC 8-1-2.5-3) regardless of whether	
35	that service is provided under IC 8-1-2.5 or another provision of this	
36	article.	
37	SECTION 10. IC 8-1-8.8-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) The commission	
39	shall encourage clean coal and energy projects by creating the	
40	following financial incentives for clean coal and energy projects, if the	
41	projects are found to be reasonable and necessary:	
42	(1) The timely recovery of costs incurred during construction and	



37 38 39 40	facilities; and  (2) new low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facilities;
37 38	facilities; and
37	
	(1) new energy producing and production of generaling
	(1) new energy producing and production or generating
36	incentives to eligible businesses for:
35	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) The commission shall provide financial
34	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	SECTION 11. IC 8-1-8.8-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007,
32	the applicant has not cooperated fully in the proceeding.
31	days after the date of the application, unless the commission finds that
30	described in subsection (a) not later than one hundred twenty (120)
29	determination of a project's eligibility for the financial incentives
28	(d) The commission shall, after notice and hearing, issue a
27	review.
26	additional information the commission considers necessary to aid in its
25	under this section for completeness. The commission may request
24	(c) The commission shall promptly review an application filed
23	consider all necessary certificates at the same time.
22	certificates. If a single application is filed, the commission shall
21	one (1) project may file a single application for all necessary
20	seeking a certificate under IC 8-1-8.5 or IC 8-1-8.7 and this chapter for
19	certificate required under IC 8-1-8.5 or IC 8-1-8.7. An eligible business
18	chapter does not relieve an eligible business of the duty to obtain any
17	for approval of a clean coal and energy project under this section. This
16	(b) An eligible business must file an application to the commission
15	appropriate.
14	(5) Other financial incentives the commission considers
13	facilities.
12	sources, including renewable energy projects or coal gasification
11	(4) Financial incentives for projects to develop alternative energy
10	the incentive available under subdivision (2).
9	production or generating facility, including cost recovery and
7 8	dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy
	produced by a coal gasification facility or by a low carbon
6	(3) Financial incentives for the purchase of fuels <b>or energy</b>
5	be earned on projects described in subdivision (1).
<i>3</i>	return on shareholder equity that would otherwise be allowed to
3	chapter.  (2) The authorization of up to three (3) percentage points on the
1 2	operation of projects described in section 2(1) or 2(2) of this

the study, analysis, development, siting, design, licensing,



1	permitting, construction, repowering, expansion, operation, or
2	maintenance of the facilities.
3	(b) An eligible business seeking authority to timely recover the costs
4	described in subsection (a) must apply to the commission for approval
5	of a rate adjustment mechanism in the manner determined by the
6	commission.
7	(c) An application must include the following:
8	(1) A schedule for the completion of construction, repowering, or
9	expansion of the new energy generating or coal gasification
10	facility for which rate relief is sought.
11	(2) Copies of the most recent integrated resource plan filed with
12	the commission, if applicable.
13	(3) The amount of capital investment by the eligible business in
14	the new energy generating or coal gasification facility.
15	(4) Other information the commission considers necessary.
16	(d) The commission shall allow an eligible business to recover:
17	(1) the costs associated with qualified utility system property; and
18	(2) qualified utility system expenses;
19	if the eligible business provides substantial documentation that the
20	expected costs associated with qualified utility system property and
21	expenses and the schedule for incurring those costs and expenses are
22	reasonable and necessary.
23	(e) The commission shall allow an eligible business to recover the
24	costs associated with the purchase of fuels or energy produced by a
25	coal gasification facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or
26	non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating
27	facility if the eligible business provides substantial documentation that
28	the costs associated with the purchase are reasonable and necessary.
29	(f) A retail rate adjustment mechanism proposed by an eligible
30	business under this section may be based on actual or forecasted data.
31	If forecast data is used, the retail rate adjustment mechanism must
32	contain a reconciliation mechanism to correct for any variance between
33	the forecasted costs and the actual costs.
34	SECTION 12. IC 8-1-13.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
35	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	UPON PASSAGE]:
37	Chapter 13.1. Alternative Energy Projects by Rural Electric
38	Membership Corporations
39	Sec. 1. The general assembly makes the following findings:
40	(1) Alternative energy projects result in quantifiable
41	reductions in, or the avoidance of, regulated air pollutants
42	and carbon emissions produced by traditional electric



1	generating facilities that use fossil fuels as their fuel source.
2	(2) Corporations and cooperatively owned power suppliers
3	should plan and implement alternative energy projects on
4	behalf of and at the request of their members.
5	(3) Incentives that encourage corporations and their
6	cooperatively owned power suppliers to:
7	(A) develop alternative energy projects; and
8	(B) apply for, and contribute matching funds to, state or
9	federal grants and programs for alternative energy
0	projects;
1	are in the public interest of the state and its citizens and are
2	crucial to the state's economic development efforts.
3	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "alternative energy project"
4	means a project that:
5	(1) develops or makes use of renewable energy resources (as
6	defined in IC 8-1-37-4) for the production of electricity; and
7	(2) is implemented under a plan approved by:
8	(A) the office; and
9	(B) a corporation's or a cooperatively owned power
20	supplier's board of directors.
21	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "cooperatively owned power
22	supplier" means an energy utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2.5-2) that
23	is organized under IC 23-17 and whose membership includes one
24	(1) or more corporations organized under IC 8-1-13.
25	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "corporation" means a
26	corporation organized under IC 8-1-13 as a local district
27	corporation (as defined in IC 8-1-13-23(b)).
28	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "director" refers to the director
29	of the office of alternative energy incentives serving under section
30	8(b) of this chapter.
31	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "office" refers to the office of
32	alternative energy incentives established by section 8 of this
3	chapter.
34	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "retail energy service" has the
35	meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2.5-3.
66	Sec. 8. (a) The office of alternative energy incentives is
37	established within the office of energy development to provide
8	assistance to corporations in the development of alternative energy
9	projects.
10	(b) The:
1	(1) director of the office of energy development; or
12	(2) designee of the office of energy development, who must be



1	qualified by knowledge of or experience in the electric utility	
2	industry;	
3	shall serve as the director of the office.	
4	(c) The director:	
5	(1) serves at the pleasure of and is responsible to the director	
6	of the office of energy development, if the director is a	
7	designee of the director of the office of energy development;	
8	(2) may receive compensation in an amount determined by the	
9	director of the office of energy development, subject to the	
0	approval of the budget agency, if the director is a designee of	
1	the director of the office of energy development;	
2	(3) serves as the chief executive and administrative officer of	
.3	the office; and	
.4	(4) may, to the extent appropriate, delegate the director's	
.5	authority under this chapter, subject to the approval of:	_
6	(A) the director of the office of energy development, if the	
7	director is a designee of the director of the office of energy	U
.8	development; and	
9	(B) the budget agency.	
20	(d) The director of the office of energy development may:	
21	(1) establish; and	
22	(2) appoint members to;	
23	an advisory board to advise the office in the administration of this	
24	chapter.	
2.5	Sec. 9. The office may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement	
26	this chapter.	
27	Sec. 10. This chapter shall not be construed to constrain a	
28	corporation's access to and immediate use of federal economic	V
29	stimulus funds for alternative energy projects.	
30	SECTION 13. IC 8-1-37 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
31	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
32	1, 2009]:	
33	Chapter 37. Renewable Energy Development	
54	Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "electricity supplier" means	
35	a public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1) that furnishes retail	
66	electric service to the public.	
57	(b) The term does not include a utility that is a:	
8	(1) municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(h));	
10	(2) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; or	
1	(3) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric	
1	cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a	
-2	corporation organized under IC 8-1-13.	



1	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "regional transmission	
2	organization" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-8.2-6.	
3	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy credit", or	
4	"REC", means one (1) megawatt hour of electricity that is:	
5	(1) generated from a renewable energy resource described in	
6	section 4(a) of this chapter;	
7	(2) quantifiable; and	
8	(3) possessed by not more than one (1) entity at a time.	
9	Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "renewable energy resources"	
10	includes the following sources, technologies, and programs for the	
11	production or conservation of electricity:	
12	(1) Methane systems that convert waste products, including	
13	animal, food, and plant waste, into electricity or fuel for the	
14	production of electricity.	
15	(2) Methane recovered from landfills or coal mines.	
16	(3) Wind.	
17	(4) Solar photovoltaic cells and panels.	
18	(5) Clean coal and energy projects (as defined in IC 8-1-8.8-2),	
19	including plant efficiency measures.	
20	(6) Dedicated crops grown for energy production.	
21	(7) Energy from waste to energy facilities.	
22	(8) Non-carbon dioxide emitting or low carbon dioxide	
23	emitting electricity generating technologies placed in service	
24	after June 30, 2009.	
25	(9) Hydropower.	
26	(10) Demand side management, conservation, or energy	
27	efficiency programs that:	
28	(A) reduce electricity consumption; or	V
29	(B) implement load management or demand response	
30	technologies that shift a customer's electric load from	
31	periods of higher demand to periods of lower demand.	
32	(11) Combined heat and power systems that:	
33	(A) use natural gas or renewable energy resources as	
34	feedstock; and	
35	(B) achieve at least seventy percent (70%) overall	
36	efficiency.	
37	(12) Geothermal hot water district heating systems.	
38	(13) Electricity generated through net metering that is	
39	regulated under rules adopted by the commission or other	
40	Indiana law.	
41	(14) Energy storage facilities.	
42	(15) Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC)	



1	technology to produce synthetic gas that is used:	
2	(A) to generate electricity; or	
3	(B) as a substitute for natural gas;	
4	regardless of the fuel source used to produce the synthetic gas.	
5	(16) A renewable energy resource listed in IC 8-1-8.8-10 to the	
6	extent the renewable energy resource is not already described	
7	in this subsection.	
8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (a)(7), the term does not	
9	include energy from the incineration, burning, or heating of the	_
10	following:	
11	(1) Garbage.	
12	(2) General household, institutional, or commercial waste.	
13	(3) Industrial lunchroom or office waste.	
14	(4) Landscape waste.	
15	(5) Construction or demolition debris.	
16	(6) Feedstock that is municipal, food, plant, industrial, or	
17	animal waste from outside Indiana.	
18	Sec. 5. (a) Each electricity supplier shall supply electricity under	
19	a schedule set forth in either subsection (b) or (c).	
20	(b) In order to qualify for a financial incentive under	
21	IC 8-1-2-23.1 or IC 8-1-8.4-9, an electricity supplier shall supply	
22	electricity that is generated from renewable energy resources	
23	described in section 4(a) of this chapter to Indiana customers as a	
24	percentage of the total electricity supplied by the electricity	_
25	supplier to Indiana customers during a calendar year as follows:	
26	(1) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,	
27	2010, at least three percent (3%).	
28	(2) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,	T T
29	2015, at least six percent (6%).	
30	(3) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,	
31	2020, at least ten percent (10%).	
32	(4) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,	
33	2025, at least fifteen percent (15%).	
34	For purposes of this subsection, electricity is measured in	
35 36	megawatt hours.	
37	(c) An electricity supplier that elects not to comply with subsection (b) shall supply electricity that is generated from	
38	renewable energy resources described in section 4(a) of this	
39	chapter to Indiana customers as a percentage of the total electricity	
40	supplied by the electricity supplier to Indiana customers during a	
41	calendar year as follows:	
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(1) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,



1	2010, at least one and five-tenths percent (1.5%).
2	(2) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,
3	2015, at least four percent (4%).
4	(3) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,
5	2020, at least seven percent (7%).
6	(4) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31,
7	2025, at least ten percent (10%).
8	For purposes of this subsection, electricity is measured in
9	megawatt hours.
10	(d) An electricity supplier may own or purchase RECs or
11	carbon offset equivalents to comply with subsection (b) or (c), as
12	applicable.
13	(e) An electricity supplier may not use a renewable energy
14	resource described in section $4(a)(5)$ , $4(a)(8)$ , $4(a)(10)$ , or $4(a)(11)$
15	of this chapter to generate more than twenty-five percent (25%) of
16	the electricity that the electricity supplier is required to supply
17	under subsection (b) or (c), as applicable.
18	(f) If an electricity supplier exceeds the applicable percentage
19	under subsection (b) or (c) in a compliance year, the electricity
20	supplier may carry forward the amount of electricity that:
21	(1) exceeds the applicable percentage under subsection (a);
22	and
23	(2) is generated from renewable energy resources;
24	to comply with the requirement under subsection (b) or (c) for
25	either or both of the two (2) immediately succeeding compliance
26	years.
27	(g) The commission shall consider the costs incurred by an
28	electricity supplier in complying with subsection (b) or (c), as
29	applicable, as consistent with the requirements of IC 8-1-2-42(d)(1)
30	when ruling on a fuel cost charge requested by the electricity
31	supplier under IC 8-1-2-42(d).
32	Sec. 6. (a) An electricity supplier that elects to, and fails to,
33	comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) of this chapter is
34	no longer eligible for financial incentives as provided in
35	IC 8-1-2-23.1(d) or IC 8-1-8.4-11, as applicable.
36	(b) An electricity supplier described in subsection (a) shall
37	comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this chapter
38	beginning in the compliance year in which the electricity supplier
39	fails to comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) of this
40	chapter.

Sec. 7. (a) This section applies to an electricity supplier that is

required to, and fails to, comply with the schedule set forth in



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	18
1	section 5(c) of this chapter.
2	(b) Beginning January 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the
3	commission shall determine whether an electricity supplier is in
4	compliance with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this
5	chapter. The commission shall make a determination under this
6	subsection not later than March 1 of each year.
7	(c) If the commission determines that an electricity supplier is
8	not in compliance with the schedule, the commission may impose
9	a reasonable monetary penalty in an amount equal to the product
10	of:
11	(1) the number of megawatt hours of electricity that the
12	electricity supplier was required to, but failed to, supply
13	under section 5(c) of this chapter; multiplied by
14	(2) twenty-five dollars (\$25).
15	In determining the amount of the monetary penalty, the

(d) If the commission determines not later than December 31 of a year that an electricity supplier against whom a monetary penalty was imposed under subsection (c) has achieved compliance with the schedule the commission may refund all or part of the monetary penalty imposed on the electricity supplier for that calendar year.

commission shall consider the efforts made by the electricity

supplier in attempting to comply with the schedule.

- Sec. 8. (a) An electricity supplier is not required to timely comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, if the commission determines that the electricity supplier has demonstrated that the cost of compliance with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, using the renewable energy resources available to the electricity supplier would result in an unreasonable increase in the basic rates and charges for electricity supplied to customers of the electricity supplier. The commission shall conduct a public hearing to make a determination under this section.
- (b) If the commission determines under a hearing conducted under subsection (a) that the cost of compliance with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, would result in an unreasonable rate increase, the commission shall extend the applicable deadline imposed under section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter. If the commission extends a deadline under this subsection, the commission shall consider whether subsequent deadlines imposed under section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, also should be extended.
  - Sec. 9. (a) The commission shall allow an electricity supplier







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1	that complies with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) or 5(c) of
2	this chapter to recover reasonable and necessary costs incurred in:
3	(1) constructing, operating, or maintaining facilities to comply
4	with this chapter;
5	(2) generating electricity from, or purchasing electricity
6	generated from, a renewable energy resource;
7	(3) purchasing RECs or carbon offset equivalents; or
8	(4) complying with federal renewable energy resource
9	portfolio requirements;
10	by a periodic rate adjustment mechanism.
11	(b) The commission shall revoke a periodic rate adjustment
12	mechanism allowed under subsection (a) for an electricity supplier
13	that the commission determines:
14	(1) is required to; and
15	(2) has failed to;
16	comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter.
17	(c) If the commission revokes a periodic rate adjustment
18	mechanism allowed to an electricity supplier under subsection (b),
19	the electricity supplier may request, in the electricity supplier's
20	next general rate case, recovery of reasonable and necessary costs
21	incurred by the electricity supplier in attempting to comply with
22	section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable.
23	Sec. 10. (a) For purposes of calculating RECs to determine an
24	electricity supplier's compliance with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this
25	chapter, as applicable, the following apply:
26	(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), one (1) megawatt
27	hour of electricity generated from renewable energy resources
28	in an Indiana facility equals one and five-tenths (1.5) REC.
29	(2) One (1) megawatt hour of electricity generated from a
30	renewable energy resource described in section 4(a)(1) or
31	4(a)(2) of this chapter that originates in Indiana equals two (2)
32	RECs.
33	(3) One (1) megawatt hour of electricity that is:
34	(A) generated from a renewable energy resource that is
35	directly interconnected to a regional transmission
36	organization whose members include an electricity
37	supplier; and
38	(B) imported into Indiana;
39	equals one (1) REC.
40	(b) An electricity supplier may not apportion all or part of a
41	single megawatt of electricity among more than one (1):



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(1) renewable energy resource; or

1	(2) category set forth in subsection (a);
2	in order to comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as
3	applicable.
4	Sec. 11. The Indiana economic development corporation, in
5	consultation with the commission, shall develop a strategy to
6	attract renewable energy component manufacturing and assembly
7	facilities to Indiana.
8	Sec. 12. Beginning in 2016, not later than March 1 of each year,
9	an electricity supplier shall file with the commission a report of the
10	electricity supplier's compliance with this chapter for the
11	preceding calendar year.
12	Sec. 13. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
13	implement this chapter. A rule adopted under this section may
14	establish a procedure by which an electricity supplier that initially
15	elects to comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this
16	chapter may later comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(b)
17	of this chapter.
18	SECTION 14. IC 8-1-38 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
19	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
20	1, 2009]:
21	Chapter 38. Green Infrastructure Incentive Program
22	Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "alternate energy production
23	facility" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2.4-2(b).
24	(b) The term includes ethanol and biodiesel production facilities.
25	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "energy utility" has the meaning
26	set forth in IC 8-1-2.5-2.
27	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "green infrastructure project"
28	means the construction, addition, extension, or improvement of an
29	energy utility's plant or equipment to:
30	(1) provide electric, steam, or gas service to; or
31	(2) receive electric, steam, or gas service from;
32	an alternate energy production facility, a renewable energy
33	manufacturing facility, or a renewable energy resource.
34	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy
35	manufacturing facility" means a facility that primarily
36	manufactures components used by:
37	(1) an alternate energy production facility; or
38	(2) a facility that produces electricity from, or conserves
39	electricity from the use of, a renewable energy resource.
40 4.1	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy resource" has
41 42	the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-8.8-10.
42	Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall encourage green infrastructure



1	projects by allowing an adjustment of the energy utility's basic
2	rates and charges to provide the timely recovery of reasonable and
3	necessary costs incurred by the energy utility in connection with a
4	green infrastructure project.
5	(b) In allowing the recovery of costs by allowing an adjustment
6	of the energy utility's basic rates and charges under subsection (a),
7	the commission shall determine the following:
8	(1) The amount of reasonable and necessary costs that the
9	energy utility may recover.
10	(2) The rate adjustment mechanism by which the energy
11	utility may recover costs.
12	(3) The schedule under which the energy utility may recover
13	costs.
14	The commission shall consider whether the energy utility is
15	allowed to recover reasonable and necessary costs under
16	IC 8-1-37-9 for the same green infrastructure project.
17	Sec. 7. (a) An energy utility must:
18	(1) submit an application to the commission for approval of a
19	green infrastructure project for which the energy utility seeks
20	to recover costs under section 6 of this chapter; and
21	(2) serve a copy of the application on the Indiana economic
22	development corporation established by IC 5-28-3-1.
23	(b) The commission shall prescribe the form for an application
24	submitted under subsection (a).
25	(c) Upon receipt of an application under subsection (a), the
26	commission shall review the application for completeness. The
27	commission may request additional information from the applicant
28	as needed.
29	(d) Subject to subsection (e), the commission shall approve or
30	deny the application not later than one hundred twenty (120) days
31	after the date of the application.
32	(e) The period under subsection (d) does not include the days
33	beginning on the date of a request for additional information under
34	subsection (c) and ending on the date the requested information is
35	provided.
36	(f) If the commission fails to act on or before the deadline
37	established in subsection (d) on a complete application submitted
38	under subsection (a):
39	(1) the application is considered approved by the commission;
40	and
41	(2) the energy utility may implement an adjustment of the

energy utility's basic rates and charges to provide the timely



1	recovery of reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the
2	energy utility in connection with the green infrastructure
3	project.
4	Sec. 8. The commission may adopt rules to implement this
5	chapter.
6	SECTION 15. IC 8-1-38.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2009]:
9	Chapter 38.2. Net Metering
10	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "customer" means a person, a
11	firm, a corporation, a municipality, or any other government
12	agency that has agreed to pay for retail electric service from an
13	investor owned utility.
14	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "eligible net metering customer"
15	means a customer in good standing that owns and operates a net
16	metering facility that has a nameplate capacity less than or equal
17	to one hundred (100) kilowatts.
18	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "in good standing" means a
19	customer:
20	(1) whose account is not more than thirty (30) days in arrears;
21	and
22	(2) who does not have any legal orders outstanding pertaining
23	to the customer's investor owned electric utility.
24	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "interconnected" or
25	"interconnection" means the physical, parallel connection of a net
26	metering facility with a distribution facility of an investor owned
27	electric utility.
28	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "investor owned electric utility"
29	or "utility" means an electric utility that is financed by the sale of
30	securities and whose business operations are overseen by a board
31	representing the shareholders of the electric utility.
32	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "nameplate capacity" means the
33	full load, continuous rating of a generator under specified
34	conditions as designated by the manufacturer.
35	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "net metering" means the
36	measurement of the difference between:
37	(1) the electricity that an investor owned electric utility
38	supplies to an eligible net metering customer; and
39	(2) the electricity that an eligible net metering customer
40	supplies back to the investor owned electric utility.
41	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "net metering facility" means an
42	arrangement of equipment that is:



1	(1) used for the production of electricity from a renewable
2	energy resource (as defined in IC 8-1-8.8-10);
3	(2) owned and operated by an eligible net metering customer;
4	(3) located on the eligible net metering customer's premises;
5	and
6	(4) used primarily to offset all or part of the eligible net
7	metering customer's own electricity requirements.
8	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "parallel" means the designed
9	operation of the net metering facility, interconnection equipment,
10	and the investor owned electric utility's system where the
11	instantaneous flow of electrical energy may automatically occur in
12	either direction across the interconnection point between the net
13	metering facility and the electrical utility's distribution system.
14	Sec. 10. (a) An investor owned electric utility shall offer net
15	metering to eligible net metering customers that install a net
16	metering facility.
17	(b) An investor owned electric utility may offer net metering to
18	customers other than eligible net metering customers.
19	(c) An investor owned electric utility that offers net metering to
20	its customers may limit the total amount of net metering facility
21	nameplate capacity under the net metering tariff to one percent
22	(1%) of the most recent summer peak load of the utility.
23	Sec. 11. An investor owned electric utility shall determine an
24	eligible net metering customer's monthly bill as follows:
25	(1) Bill charges, credits, rates, and adjustments must be in
26	accordance with the utility's tariff and administrative rules
27	that would apply if the eligible net metering customer did not
28	participate in net metering.
29	(2) If the amount of electricity generated during a billing cycle
30	by the net metering customer and delivered to the electric
31	utility is less than the amount of electricity delivered during
32	the same billing cycle by the electric utility to the net metering
33	customer, the electric utility shall bill the net metering
34	customer for the difference between the amounts at the
35	applicable rate under the tariff filed by the electric utility with
36	the commission.
37	(3) If the amount of electricity generated during a billing cycle
38	by the net metering customer and delivered to the electric
39	utility exceeds the amount of electricity delivered during the
40	same billing cycle by the electric utility to the net metering
41	customer, the electric utility shall credit the difference

between the amounts, measured in kilowatt hours, to the net



meterii	ng customer in the next billing cycle.
(4) If a	n eligible net metering customer becomes ineligible or
otherw	ise stops participating in an investor owned electric
utility's	s net metering tariff, any remaining credit determined
under s	subdivision (3) reverts to the utility.
Sec. 12. A	A rule that is:
(1) ado	pted by the commission and codified at 170 IAC 4-4.2;
and	
	trary to this chapter;
is void.	
	N 16. IC 32-24-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.163-2006,
	IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	SAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) As a condition precedent to filing a
_	condemnation, and except for an action brought under
	(repealed), a condemnor may enter upon the property as
_	his chapter and must, at least thirty (30) days before filing
	, make an offer to purchase the property in the form
•	subsection (c). The offer must be served personally or by
certified mai	-
` '	owner of the property sought to be acquired; or
. ,	owner's designated representative.
` '	offer cannot be served personally or by certified mail, or
	or the owner's designated representative cannot be found,
	e offer shall be given by publication in a newspaper of
-	llation in the county in which the property is located or in
-	here the owner was last known to reside. The notice must
be in the foll	
	NOTICE
	, (owner(s)),
	(condemnor) needs your property for
a	(description
of project), a	and will need to acquire the following from you:
	(general
=	of the property to be acquired). We have made you a formal
	s property that is now on file in the Clerk's Office in the
	ounty Court House. Please pick up the offer. If you do not
_	is notice or accept the offer by (a date 30 days from
1st date of p	publication) 20, we shall file a suit to condemn the
property.	
	Condemnor
The condem	nor must file the offer with the clerk of the circuit court

EH 1360—LS 7160/DI 101+



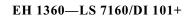
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e owner cannot be found. The notice shall be published twice as
ollows:
(1) One (1) notice immediately.
(2) A subsequent publication at least seven (7) days and not more
than twenty-one (21) days after the publication under subdivision
(1).
(c) The offer to purchase must be in the following form:
UNIFORM PROPERTY OR EASEMENT
ACQUISITION OFFER
(condemnor) is authorized by Indiana law to obtain
our property or an easement across your property for certain public
urposes (condemnor) needs (your property) (an
asement across your property) for a
orief description of the project) and needs to take
(legal description of the property or easement
be taken; the legal description may be made on a separate sheet and
tached to this document if additional space is required)
is our opinion that the fair market value of the (property) (easement)
e want to acquire from you is \$, and, therefore,
condemnor) offers you \$ for the above described (property)
easement). You have thirty (30) days from this date to accept or reject
is offer. If you accept this offer, you may expect payment in full
ithin ninety (90) days after signing the documents accepting this offer
nd executing the easement, and provided there are no difficulties in
earing liens or other problems with title to land. Possession will be
equired thirty (30) days after you have received your payment in full.
ERE IS A BRIEF SUMMARY OF YOUR OPTIONS AND
EGALLY PROTECTED RIGHTS:
1. By law, (condemnor) is required to make a
good faith effort to purchase (your property) (an easement across
your property).
2. You do not have to accept this offer and
(condemnor) is not required to agree to your demands.
3. However, if you do not accept this offer, and we cannot come to
an agreement on the acquisition of (your property) (an easement),
(condemnor) has the right to file suit to condemn
and acquire the (property) (easement) in the county in which the property is located.
4. You have the right to seek advice of an attorney, real estate
appraiser, or any other person of your choice on this matter.
5 Unless the condemnar has been issued a certificate of



authority from the Indiana utility regulatory commission for	
this project under IC 8-1-8.4, you may object to the public	
purpose and necessity of this project.	
6. If (condemnor) files a suit to condemn and	
acquire (your property) (an easement) and the court grants its	
request to condemn, the court will then appoint three appraisers	
who will make an independent appraisal of the (property)	
(easement) to be acquired.	
7. If we both agree with the court appraisers' report, then the matter	
is settled. However, if either of us disagrees with the appraisers'	
report to the court, either of us has the right to ask for a trial to	
decide what should be paid to you for the (property) (easement)	
condemned.	
8. If the court appraisers' report is not accepted by either of us, then	
(condemnor) has the legal option of depositing	
the amount of the court appraisers' evaluation with the court. And	
if such a deposit is made with the court,	
(condemnor) is legally entitled to immediate possession of the	
(property) (easement). You may, subject to the approval of the	
court, make withdrawals from the amount deposited with the court.	
Your withdrawal will in no way affect the proceedings of your case	
in court, except that, if the final judgment awarded you is less than	
the withdrawal you have made from the amount deposited, you will	
be required to pay back to the court the amount of the withdrawal	
in excess of the amount of the final judgment.	
9. The trial will decide the full amount of damages you are to	
receive. Both of us will be entitled to present legal evidence	
supporting our opinions of the fair market value of the property or	
easement. The court's decision may be more or less than this offer.	
You may employ, at your cost, appraisers and attorneys to	
represent you at this time or at any time during the course of the	
proceeding described in this notice. (The condemnor may insert	
here any other information pertinent to this offer or required by	
circumstances or law).	
10. If you have any questions concerning this matter you may	
contact us at:	
(full name mailing and attract address and where of the	
(full name, mailing and street address, and phone of the	
condemnor) This offer was made to the owner(s):	
· ·	
of,	



01	,
of	,
of	,
on the day of	20,
	BY:
	(signature)
	(printed name and title)
Agent	
Č	(condemnor)
If you decide to accept	t the offer of \$ made by
	nor) sign your name below and mail
	dicated above. An additional copy of
this offer has been provide	_ ·
ACCEPTAN	NCE OF OFFER
I (We),	_,,
	ribed property or interest in property,
hereby accept the offer of	of \$ made by
(condemnor) on this	_ day of, 20
NOTADVIC	CEDTIFICATE
	CERTIFICATE
STATE OF	) )SS:
COUNTY OF	to before me this day of
, 20	to before the this day of
, 20 My Commission Expires:	
(Signature)	
(D. 1) NOTA BY BY	
(Printed) NOTARY PUI	
(d) If the condemnor has a compelling need to enter upon property	
to restore utility or transportation services interrupted by disaster or	
unforeseeable events, the provisions of subsections (a), (b), and (c) do	
	storation of utility or transportation
1 2	er or unforeseeable events. However,
	sible to the property owner for all and the condemnor shall immediately
uamages occasioned by the entry.	and the condemnor snall immediately





- 1 vacate the property entered upon as soon as utility or transportation
- 2 services interrupted by the disaster or unforeseeable event have been
- 3 restored.
- 4 SECTION 17. An emergency is declared for this act.

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#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1360, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

CRAWFORD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 20, nays 2.

#### **HOUSE MOTION**

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1360 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15.

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 22.

Page 3, line 39, delete "appointed" and insert "serving".

Page 3, line 40, delete "10(b)" and insert "9(b)".

Page 3, line 42, delete "11" and insert "10".

Page 4, line 2, delete "10" and insert "9".

Page 4, delete lines 6 through 7.

Page 4, line 8, delete "10." and insert "9.".

Page 4, line 9, delete "established." and insert "established within the office of energy development.".

Page 4, line 10, delete "The secretary shall appoint an individual who is qualified by" and insert "**The:** 

- (1) director of the office of energy development; or
- (2) designee of the office of energy development, who must be qualified by knowledge of or experience in the electric utility industry;

shall serve as the director of the office.".

Page 4, delete lines 11 through 12.

Page 4, line 15, delete "secretary;" and insert "director of the office of energy development, if the director is a designee of the director of the office of energy development;".

Page 4, line 16, after "the" insert "director of the office of energy development, subject to the approval of the budget agency, if the director is a designee of the director of the office of energy development;".

Page 4, delete line 17.

Page 4, line 21, delete "of the" and insert "of:

EH 1360—LS 7160/DI 101+











(A) the director of the office of energy development, if the director is a designee of the director of the office of energy development; and

(B) the budget agency.".

Page 4, delete line 22.

Page 4, line 23, delete "secretary" and insert "director of the office of energy development".

Page 4, line 28, delete "11." and insert "10.".

Page 4, line 33, delete "12" and insert "11".

Page 5, line 14, delete "12." and insert "11.".

Page 5, line 20, delete "13" and insert "12".

Page 5, line 32, delete "13(b)" and insert "12(b)".

Page 5, line 37, delete "13." and insert "12.".

Page 5, line 38, delete "12(c)" and insert "11(c)".

Page 6, line 5, delete "14." and insert "13.".

Page 8, line 4, delete "17" and insert "16".

Page 8, line 9, delete "16" and insert "15".

Page 8, line 10, delete "15." and insert "14.".

Page 8, line 17, delete "16" and insert "15".

Page 8, line 20, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 8, line 24, delete "16." and insert "15.".

Page 8, line 26, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 8, line 28, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 8, line 41, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 9, line 10, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 9, line 16, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 9, line 21, delete "17." and insert "16.".

Page 9, line 32, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 10, line 1, delete "14(c)" and insert "13(c)".

Page 10, line 5, delete "14" and insert "13".

Page 10, line 10, delete "and defense".

Page 10, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 17. This chapter shall not be construed to constrain a corporation's access to and immediate use of federal economic stimulus funds for alternative energy projects. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, any money that may become available to a corporation in connection with federal economic stimulus programs may not become part of the fund or an account established under this chapter without the consent of the corporation, which shall have access to federal economic stimulus funds:

(1) for the same uses; and

EH 1360—LS 7160/DI 101+



(2) in accordance with the same processes; as any other energy utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2.5-2) may have access to or use federal economic stimulus money."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1360 as printed February 18, 2009.)

WELCH

### Report of the President Pro Tempore

Madam President: Pursuant to Senate Rule 65(b), I hereby report that Engrossed House Bill 1360, currently assigned to the Committee on Energy and Environmental Affairs, be reassigned to the Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.

LONG

### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred House Bill No. 1360, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-23.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 23.1. (a) This section applies to a public utility that complies with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).

- (b) For purposes of section 23 of this chapter, the construction, addition, extension, or improvement of a public utility's plant or equipment to provide electric or gas service to a customer that:
  - (1) produces biodiesel, ethanol, or any other biofuel; or
  - (2) is a renewable energy manufacturing facility (as defined in IC 8-1-38-4);

is in fact used and useful in the public service.

(c) This subsection applies to a public utility's general rate proceeding that immediately follows the public utility's investment in a construction, an addition, an extension, or an improvement

EH 1360—LS 7160/DI 101+



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described in subsection (b). A public utility may accrue for recovery in the rate proceeding depreciation and a return, not to exceed a total of fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000), on the public utility's investment at the rate of return authorized by the commission in the public utility's general rate proceeding immediately preceding the investment. The accrual of a return by a public utility under this subsection:

- (1) begins on the date the public utility initially records the investment in the public utility's books or records, as determined by the commission; and
- (2) ends on the earlier of the following dates:
  - (A) The date on which the public utility accrues the full return determined under this subsection.
  - (B) The date rates are placed in effect after a general rate proceeding that recognizes an investment by a public utility in the public utility's rate base.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c), the commission shall revoke a cost recovery approved under this chapter for an electricity supplier that the commission determines has:
  - (1) elected to; and
  - (2) failed to;

comply with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).

(e) This section expires December 31, 2020, unless reauthorized by the general assembly before December 31, 2020. However, a return accrued under this section before January 1, 2021, expires on the appropriate date determined under subsection (c)(2) even if the expiration date occurs after December 31, 2020.

SECTION 2. IC 8-1-8.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

**Chapter 8.2. Electric Line Facilities Projects** 

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the Indiana utility regulatory commission created by IC 8-1-1-2.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "electric line facilities" means the following:
  - (1) Overhead or underground electric transmission lines.
  - (2) Overhead or underground electric distribution lines.
  - (3) Electric substations.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "electric line facilities project" means an addition to or the construction, operation, maintenance, reconstruction, relocation, upgrading, or removal of electric line facilities.

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- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "electricity supplier" means a public utility that furnishes retail electric service to the public.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "public utility" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2-1.
- Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "regional transmission organization" refers to the regional transmission organization approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the control area in which an electricity supplier operates electric line facilities.
- Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy resources" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-37-4.
- Sec. 8. This chapter applies to an electricity supplier that complies with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).
- Sec. 9. (a) The commission shall encourage electric line facilities projects by creating the following financial incentives for electric line facilities that are reasonable and necessary:
  - (1) The timely recovery of costs, by means of a periodic rate adjustment mechanism, incurred by an electricity supplier in connection with an electric line facilities project that transmits or distributes electricity generated from renewable energy resources.
  - (2) The timely recovery of costs, by means of a periodic rate adjustment mechanism, incurred by an electricity supplier taking service under a tariff of, or being assessed costs by the:
    - (A) regional transmission organization; or
    - (B) Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
- (b) The commission shall determine a reasonable schedule under which an electricity supplier may recover costs under this section. In making a determination under this subsection, the commission shall consider the impact of the cost recovery on ratepayers of the electricity supplier.
- Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (h), an electricity supplier must submit an application to the commission for approval of an electric line facilities project for which the electricity supplier seeks to receive a financial incentive created under section 9 of this chapter.
- (b) The commission shall prescribe the form for an application submitted under this section.
- (c) Upon receipt of an application under subsection (a), the commission shall review the application for completeness. The commission may request additional information from an applicant as needed. The commission may not review an application submitted after December 31, 2020, unless authorized to do so by











the general assembly before January 1, 2021.

- (d) The commission, after notice and hearing, shall issue a determination of an electric line facilities project's eligibility for the financial incentives described in section 9 of this chapter not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the application. A determination under this subsection must include a finding that the applicant electricity supplier is in compliance with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).
- (e) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), the commission shall approve an application by an electricity supplier for an electric line facilities project that is reasonable and necessary. An electric line facilities project is presumed to be reasonable and necessary if the electric line facilities project:
  - (1) is consistent with, or part of, a plan developed by the:
    - (A) regional transmission organization; or
    - (B) Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; or
  - (2) transmits or distributes electricity generated from renewable energy resources.

However, an electricity supplier may seek approval from the commission at the electricity supplier's next general rate proceeding to include in the electricity supplier's basic rates the recoverable costs sought in an application approved under this subsection.

- (f) This section does not relieve an electricity supplier of the duty to obtain any certificate required under IC 8-1-8.5 or IC 8-1-8.7.
- (g) The commission shall not approve a financial incentive for that part of an electric line facilities project that exceeds the lesser of:
  - (1) seven percent (7%) of the electricity supplier's rate base approved by the commission in the electricity supplier's most recent general rate proceeding; or
  - (2) one hundred fifty million dollars (\$150,000,000).
- (h) The commission may not approve a financial incentive under section 9 of this chapter for a particular electricity supplier if the commission has approved a financial incentive under section 9 of this chapter in the preceding twelve (12) months for that electricity supplier, unless the commission determines that approving a particular financial incentive for an electricity supplier on a more timely basis will benefit the electricity supplier's ratepayers.
- (i) A financial incentive that the commission approves before January 1, 2021, or that an electricity supplier applies for before











January 1, 2021, and that is subsequently approved, expires on the earlier of the following dates:

- (1) The date on which the electricity supplier accrues the full recovery amount authorized by the commission.
- (2) The date specified by the commission in its approval of the financial incentive.
- Sec. 11. The commission shall revoke all financial incentives approved under this chapter for an electricity supplier that the commission determines has:
  - (1) elected to; and
  - (2) failed to;

comply with the schedule set forth in IC 8-1-37-5(b).

SECTION 3. IC 8-1-8.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

Chapter 8.4. Certificate of Authority for Certain Projects

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "electric line facilities" means overhead and underground electric transmission and distribution lines, electric substations, and overhead and underground telecommunication lines associated with electric transmission and distribution.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "project" means the proposed activity of a public utility described in section 6 of this chapter.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "public utility" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2-1, except as provided in IC 8-1-2-1.1.
- Sec. 4. A public utility that proposes to take, acquire, condemn, or appropriate land, real estate, or any interest in land or real estate for one (1) or more of the following purposes with respect to electric line facilities may elect to follow the procedure in this chapter instead of the procedures in IC 32-24-1:
  - (1) Construction.
  - (2) Reconstruction.
  - (3) Operation.
  - (4) Maintenance.
  - (5) Relocation.
  - (6) Upgrade.
  - (7) Removal.
  - (8) Additions.
- Sec. 5. If a public utility makes an election under section 4 of this chapter, the public utility shall:
  - (1) file a petition with the commission for a certificate of authority for the project; and







- (2) publish notice under IC 5-3-1 in each county in Indiana in which the project is to occur of:
  - (A) the project; and
  - (B) a public hearing to be held by the commission on the project in one (1) or more of those counties.
- Sec. 6. The commission shall grant intervenor status in the certificate of authority proceeding to any person that petitions the commission for intervenor status.
- Sec. 7. (a) After the public hearing required by section 5 of this chapter, the commission shall issue a certificate of authority under this chapter authorizing the project if in the commission proceeding the public utility demonstrates the following to the satisfaction of the commission:
  - (1) At least one (1) of the following applies:
    - (A) The project is expected to result in intrastate benefits or interstate benefits, or both.
    - (B) Except with respect to the removal of electric line facilities, the electric line facilities that are the subject of the project are needed or will be needed to furnish retail electric service or wholesale electric service, or both, in Indiana or outside Indiana, or both.
    - (C) The project is consistent with or part of a plan developed by a regional transmission organization approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or a successor or similar organization, for the control area applicable to the electric line facilities.
  - (2) Except with respect to the removal of electric line facilities, the following for the project are reasonable:
    - (A) The site.
    - (B) The location.
    - (C) The general route, width, and beginning and end points of the right-of-way.
- (b) After the public hearing required by section 5 of this chapter, the commission may deny the petition if the public utility fails to demonstrate the factors listed in subsection (a) to the satisfaction of the commission.
  - Sec. 8. (a) The commission:
    - (1) shall promptly review a petition filed under section 5 of this chapter for completeness;
    - (2) may request additional information it considers necessary to aid in its review; and
    - (3) subject to subsection (b), shall act under section 7 of this



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chapter on a petition not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of the petition.

- (b) The period under subsection (a)(3) does not include the days beginning on the date of a request for additional information under subsection (a)(2) and ending on the date the requested information is provided.
- (c) If the commission fails to act in a timely manner under subsection (a)(3):
  - (1) the factors listed in section 7(a) of this chapter are considered to have been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the commission; and
  - (2) the certificate of authority for which the petition was filed under section 5 of this chapter is considered to have been issued by the commission under section 7 of this chapter.
- Sec. 9. Upon the request of the public utility, the commission shall certify the issuance of a certificate of authority under section 7 of this chapter.

Sec. 10. If:

- (1) an action in eminent domain is commenced by a public utility against an owner of land, real estate, or an interest in land or real estate to which a certificate of authority issued under section 7 of this chapter applies;
- (2) the public utility files in that action the certificate of authority as certified under section 9 of this chapter; and
- (3) the court in that action finds that the public utility has made an offer to purchase the land, real estate, or interest in land or real estate under IC 32-24-1-3(b)(2) and IC 32-24-1-5; the court shall issue to the public utility an order of appropriation and appointment of appraisers under IC 32-24-1-7 for the land, real estate, or interest in land or real estate and assess compensation and damages for the appropriation under IC 32-24-1.
- Sec. 11. Upon review of an appropriate petition filed by a public utility, the commission shall encourage investment in electric line facilities by creating financial incentives that the commission finds to be reasonable and necessary.
- Sec. 12. If a public utility does not petition under this chapter for a certificate of authority for specific electric line facilities:
  - (1) nothing in this chapter diminishes:
    - (A) the public utility's right of eminent domain for those electric line facilities; or
    - (B) the rights of any person in any eminent domain

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proceeding; and

(2) the election by a public utility to not petition under this chapter for a certificate of authority may not be raised as an objection in any eminent domain proceeding by the owner under IC 32-24-1-8.

SECTION 4. IC 8-1-8.8-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "clean coal and energy projects" means any of the following:

- (1) Any of the following projects:
  - (A) Projects at new energy production or generating facilities that employ the use of clean coal technology and that produce energy, including substitute natural gas, primarily from coal, or gases derived from coal, from the geological formation known as the Illinois Basin.
  - (B) Projects to provide advanced technologies that reduce regulated air emissions from existing energy production or generating plants that are fueled primarily by coal or gases from coal from the geological formation known as the Illinois Basin, such as flue gas desulfurization and selective catalytic reduction equipment.
  - (C) Projects to provide electric transmission facilities to serve a new energy production or generating facility or a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility.
  - (D) Projects that produce substitute natural gas from Indiana coal by construction and operation of a coal gasification facility.
  - (E) Projects or potential projects that employ the use of low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating technologies to produce electricity.
- (2) Projects to develop alternative energy sources, including renewable energy projects and or coal gasification facilities.
- (3) The purchase of fuels or energy produced by a coal gasification facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility.
- (4) Projects described in subdivisions (1) through (3) (2) that use coal bed methane.

SECTION 5. IC 8-1-8.8-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

EH 1360—LS 7160/DI 101+









JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "eligible business" means an energy utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2.5-2) or owner of a coal gasification facility that:

- (1) proposes to construct or repower a new energy production or generating facility;
- (2) proposes to construct or repower a project described in section 2(1) or 2(2) of this chapter;
- (3) undertakes a project to develop alternative energy sources, including renewable energy projects or coal gasification facilities; or
- (4) purchases fuels or energy produced by a coal gasification facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility.

SECTION 6. IC 8-1-8.8-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 7.5. (a) As used in this chapter, "low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility" means an energy production or generation facility, including transmission lines and equipment described in subsection (b), that is:

- (1) installed or constructed at the site of a facility that supplies electricity to Indiana retail customers as of July 1, 2009; and
- (2) intended to produce:
  - (A) no carbon dioxide as a byproduct of the production or generation of energy; or
  - (B) less carbon dioxide per megawatt hour of electricity generated than is produced per megawatt hour of electricity generated by a coal fired or other fossil fuel based energy production or generating facility.
- (b) The term includes the transmission lines and other associated equipment employed specifically to serve a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility.

SECTION 7. IC 8-1-8.8-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) As used in this chapter, "new energy **production or** generating facility" refers to a generation or coal gasification facility that satisfies all of the following:

- (1) The facility produces energy primarily from coal or gases from coal from the geological formation known as the Illinois Basin.
- (2) The facility is a:
  - (A) newly constructed or newly repowered energy generation

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plant; or

(B) newly constructed generation capacity expansion at an existing facility; plant;

dedicated primarily to serving Indiana retail customers.

- (3) The repowering, construction, or expansion of the facility was begun by an Indiana utility after July 1, 2002.
- (4) Except for a facility that is a clean coal and energy project under section 2(2) of this chapter, the facility has an aggregate rated electric generating capacity of at least one hundred (100) megawatts for all units at one (1) site or a generating capacity of at least four hundred thousand (400,000) pounds per hour of steam.
- (b) The term includes the transmission lines, gas transportation facilities, and associated equipment employed specifically to serve a new energy generating or coal gasification facility.

SECTION 8. IC 8-1-8.8-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8.5. As used in this chapter, "qualified utility system expenses" means any preconstruction costs associated with the study, analysis, or development of a:

- (1) new energy production or generating facility; or
- (2) new low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility;

including siting, design, licensing, and permitting costs.

SECTION 9. IC 8-1-8.8-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "qualified utility system property" means any:

- (1) new energy production or generating or coal gasification facility; or
- (2) new low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility;

used, or to be used, in whole or in part, by an energy utility to provide retail energy service (as defined in IC 8-1-2.5-3) regardless of whether that service is provided under IC 8-1-2.5 or another provision of this article.

SECTION 10. IC 8-1-8.8-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) The commission shall encourage clean coal and energy projects by creating the following financial incentives for clean coal and energy projects, if the projects are found to be reasonable and necessary:

(1) The timely recovery of costs incurred during construction and







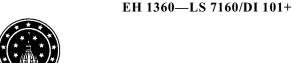


- operation of projects described in section 2(1) or 2(2) of this chapter.
- (2) The authorization of up to three (3) percentage points on the return on shareholder equity that would otherwise be allowed to be earned on projects described in subdivision (1).
- (3) Financial incentives for the purchase of fuels or energy produced by a coal gasification facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility, including cost recovery and the incentive available under subdivision (2).
- (4) Financial incentives for projects to develop alternative energy sources, including renewable energy projects **or coal gasification facilities.**
- (5) Other financial incentives the commission considers appropriate.
- (b) An eligible business must file an application to the commission for approval of a clean coal and energy project under this section. This chapter does not relieve an eligible business of the duty to obtain any certificate required under IC 8-1-8.5 or IC 8-1-8.7. An eligible business seeking a certificate under IC 8-1-8.5 or IC 8-1-8.7 and this chapter for one (1) project may file a single application for all necessary certificates. If a single application is filed, the commission shall consider all necessary certificates at the same time.
- (c) The commission shall promptly review an application filed under this section for completeness. The commission may request additional information the commission considers necessary to aid in its review.
- (d) The commission shall, after notice and hearing, issue a determination of a project's eligibility for the financial incentives described in subsection (a) not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of the application, unless the commission finds that the applicant has not cooperated fully in the proceeding.

SECTION 11. IC 8-1-8.8-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2007, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) The commission shall provide financial incentives to eligible businesses for:

- (1) new energy producing and production or generating facilities; and
- (2) new low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facilities;

in the form of timely recovery of the costs incurred in connection with the study, analysis, development, siting, design, licensing,









**permitting,** construction, repowering, expansion, operation, or maintenance of the facilities.

- (b) An eligible business seeking authority to timely recover the costs described in subsection (a) must apply to the commission for approval of a rate adjustment mechanism in the manner determined by the commission.
  - (c) An application must include the following:
    - (1) A schedule for the completion of construction, repowering, or expansion of the new energy generating or coal gasification facility for which rate relief is sought.
    - (2) Copies of the most recent integrated resource plan filed with the commission, if applicable.
    - (3) The amount of capital investment by the eligible business in the new energy generating or coal gasification facility.
    - (4) Other information the commission considers necessary.
  - (d) The commission shall allow an eligible business to recover:
    - (1) the costs associated with qualified utility system property; and
    - (2) qualified utility system expenses;

if the eligible business provides substantial documentation that the expected costs associated with qualified utility system property and expenses and the schedule for incurring those costs and expenses are reasonable and necessary.

- (e) The commission shall allow an eligible business to recover the costs associated with the purchase of fuels or energy produced by a coal gasification facility or by a low carbon dioxide emitting or non-carbon dioxide emitting energy production or generating facility if the eligible business provides substantial documentation that the costs associated with the purchase are reasonable and necessary.
- (f) A retail rate adjustment mechanism proposed by an eligible business under this section may be based on actual or forecasted data. If forecast data is used, the retail rate adjustment mechanism must contain a reconciliation mechanism to correct for any variance between the forecasted costs and the actual costs.".

Page 2, line 10, delete "of:" and insert "of renewable energy resources (as defined in IC 8-1-37-4) for the production of electricity; and".

Page 2, delete lines 11 through 32.

Page 2, line 33, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)".

Page 3, line 4, delete "9(b)" and insert "8(b)".

Page 3, delete lines 5 through 6.

Page 3, line 7, delete "7." and insert "6.".

Page 3, line 8, delete "9" and insert "8".











Page 3, line 10, delete "8." and insert "7.".

Page 3, line 12, delete "9." and insert "8.".

Page 3, line 13, delete "development." and insert "development to provide assistance to corporations in the development of alternative energy projects."

Page 3, delete lines 41 through 42.

Delete pages 4 through 7.

Page 8, delete lines 1 through 33.

Page 8, line 34, delete "16. (a)" and insert "9.".

Page 8, line 35, delete "Any rules adopted by the office under this".

Page 8, delete lines 36 through 42.

Page 9, delete lines 1 through 23.

Page 9, line 24, delete "17." and insert "10.".

Page 9, line 26, delete "Notwithstanding".

Page 9, delete lines 27 through 42.

Page 10, delete lines 1 through 7, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 17. IC 8-1-37 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]:

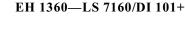
## **Chapter 37. Renewable Energy Development**

Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "electricity supplier" means a public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1) that furnishes retail electric service to the public.

- (b) The term does not include a utility that is a:
  - (1) municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(h));
  - (2) corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; or
  - (3) corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "regional transmission organization" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-8.2-6.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy credit", or "REC", means one (1) megawatt hour of electricity that is:
  - (1) generated from a renewable energy resource described in section 4(a) of this chapter;
  - (2) quantifiable; and
  - (3) possessed by not more than one (1) entity at a time.

Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "renewable energy resources" includes the following sources, technologies, and programs for the production or conservation of electricity:

(1) Methane systems that convert waste products, including animal, food, and plant waste, into electricity or fuel for the











production of electricity.

- (2) Methane recovered from landfills or coal mines.
- (3) Wind.
- (4) Solar photovoltaic cells and panels.
- (5) Clean coal and energy projects (as defined in IC 8-1-8.8-2), including plant efficiency measures.
- (6) Dedicated crops grown for energy production.
- (7) Energy from waste to energy facilities.
- (8) Non-carbon dioxide emitting or low carbon dioxide emitting electricity generating technologies placed in service after June 30, 2009.
- (9) Hydropower.
- (10) Demand side management, conservation, or energy efficiency programs that:
  - (A) reduce electricity consumption; or
  - (B) implement load management or demand response technologies that shift a customer's electric load from periods of higher demand to periods of lower demand.
- (11) Combined heat and power systems that:
  - (A) use natural gas or renewable energy resources as feedstock; and
  - (B) achieve at least seventy percent (70%) overall efficiency.
- (12) Geothermal hot water district heating systems.
- (13) Electricity generated through net metering that is regulated under rules adopted by the commission or other Indiana law.
- (14) Energy storage facilities.
- (15) Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC) technology to produce synthetic gas that is used:
  - (A) to generate electricity; or
- (B) as a substitute for natural gas;

regardless of the fuel source used to produce the synthetic gas.

- (16) A renewable energy resource listed in IC 8-1-8.8-10 to the extent the renewable energy resource is not already described in this subsection.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (a)(7), the term does not include energy from the incineration, burning, or heating of the following:
  - (1) Garbage.
  - (2) General household, institutional, or commercial waste.
  - (3) Industrial lunchroom or office waste.



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- (4) Landscape waste.
- (5) Construction or demolition debris.
- (6) Feedstock that is municipal, food, plant, industrial, or animal waste from outside Indiana.

Sec. 5. (a) Each electricity supplier shall supply electricity under a schedule set forth in either subsection (b) or (c).

- (b) In order to qualify for a financial incentive under IC 8-1-2-23.1 or IC 8-1-8.4-9, an electricity supplier shall supply electricity that is generated from renewable energy resources described in section 4(a) of this chapter to Indiana customers as a percentage of the total electricity supplied by the electricity supplier to Indiana customers during a calendar year as follows:
  - (1) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2010, at least three percent (3%).
  - (2) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2015, at least six percent (6%).
  - (3) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2020, at least ten percent (10%).
  - (4) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2025, at least fifteen percent (15%).

For purposes of this subsection, electricity is measured in megawatt hours.

- (c) An electricity supplier that elects not to comply with subsection (b) shall supply electricity that is generated from renewable energy resources described in section 4(a) of this chapter to Indiana customers as a percentage of the total electricity supplied by the electricity supplier to Indiana customers during a calendar year as follows:
  - (1) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2010, at least one and five-tenths percent (1.5%).
  - (2) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2015, at least four percent (4%).
  - (3) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2020, at least seven percent (7%).
  - (4) Not later than the calendar year ending December 31, 2025, at least ten percent (10%).

For purposes of this subsection, electricity is measured in megawatt hours.

- (d) An electricity supplier may own or purchase RECs or carbon offset equivalents to comply with subsection (b) or (c), as applicable.
  - (e) An electricity supplier may not use a renewable energy



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resource described in section 4(a)(5), 4(a)(8), 4(a)(10), or 4(a)(11) of this chapter to generate more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the electricity that the electricity supplier is required to supply under subsection (b) or (c), as applicable.

- (f) If an electricity supplier exceeds the applicable percentage under subsection (b) or (c) in a compliance year, the electricity supplier may carry forward the amount of electricity that:
  - (1) exceeds the applicable percentage under subsection (a); and
- (2) is generated from renewable energy resources; to comply with the requirement under subsection (b) or (c) for either or both of the two (2) immediately succeeding compliance years.
- (g) The commission shall consider the costs incurred by an electricity supplier in complying with subsection (b) or (c), as applicable, as consistent with the requirements of IC 8-1-2-42(d)(1) when ruling on a fuel cost charge requested by the electricity supplier under IC 8-1-2-42(d).
- Sec. 6. (a) An electricity supplier that elects to, and fails to, comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) of this chapter is no longer eligible for financial incentives as provided in IC 8-1-2-23.1(d) or IC 8-1-8.4-11, as applicable.
- (b) An electricity supplier described in subsection (a) shall comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this chapter beginning in the compliance year in which the electricity supplier fails to comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) of this chapter.
- Sec. 7. (a) This section applies to an electricity supplier that is required to, and fails to, comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the commission shall determine whether an electricity supplier is in compliance with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this chapter. The commission shall make a determination under this subsection not later than March 1 of each year.
- (c) If the commission determines that an electricity supplier is not in compliance with the schedule, the commission may impose a reasonable monetary penalty in an amount equal to the product of:
  - (1) the number of megawatt hours of electricity that the electricity supplier was required to, but failed to, supply under section 5(c) of this chapter; multiplied by









- (2) twenty-five dollars (\$25).
- In determining the amount of the monetary penalty, the commission shall consider the efforts made by the electricity supplier in attempting to comply with the schedule.
- (d) If the commission determines not later than December 31 of a year that an electricity supplier against whom a monetary penalty was imposed under subsection (c) has achieved compliance with the schedule the commission may refund all or part of the monetary penalty imposed on the electricity supplier for that calendar year.
- Sec. 8. (a) An electricity supplier is not required to timely comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, if the commission determines that the electricity supplier has demonstrated that the cost of compliance with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, using the renewable energy resources available to the electricity supplier would result in an unreasonable increase in the basic rates and charges for electricity supplied to customers of the electricity supplier. The commission shall conduct a public hearing to make a determination under this section.
- (b) If the commission determines under a hearing conducted under subsection (a) that the cost of compliance with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, would result in an unreasonable rate increase, the commission shall extend the applicable deadline imposed under section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter. If the commission extends a deadline under this subsection, the commission shall consider whether subsequent deadlines imposed under section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, also should be extended.
- Sec. 9. (a) The commission shall allow an electricity supplier that complies with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter to recover reasonable and necessary costs incurred in:
  - (1) constructing, operating, or maintaining facilities to comply with this chapter;
  - (2) generating electricity from, or purchasing electricity generated from, a renewable energy resource;
  - (3) purchasing RECs or carbon offset equivalents; or
  - (4) complying with federal renewable energy resource portfolio requirements;

by a periodic rate adjustment mechanism.

(b) The commission shall revoke a periodic rate adjustment mechanism allowed under subsection (a) for an electricity supplier that the commission determines:









- (1) is required to; and
- (2) has failed to;

comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter.

- (c) If the commission revokes a periodic rate adjustment mechanism allowed to an electricity supplier under subsection (b), the electricity supplier may request, in the electricity supplier's next general rate case, recovery of reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the electricity supplier in attempting to comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable.
- Sec. 10. (a) For purposes of calculating RECs to determine an electricity supplier's compliance with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable, the following apply:
  - (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), one (1) megawatt hour of electricity generated from renewable energy resources in an Indiana facility equals one and five-tenths (1.5) REC.
  - (2) One (1) megawatt hour of electricity generated from a renewable energy resource described in section 4(a)(1) or 4(a)(2) of this chapter that originates in Indiana equals two (2) RECs.
  - (3) One (1) megawatt hour of electricity that is:
    - (A) generated from a renewable energy resource that is directly interconnected to a regional transmission organization whose members include an electricity supplier; and
    - (B) imported into Indiana;

equals one (1) REC.

- (b) An electricity supplier may not apportion all or part of a single megawatt of electricity among more than one (1):
  - (1) renewable energy resource; or
  - (2) category set forth in subsection (a);

in order to comply with section 5(b) or 5(c) of this chapter, as applicable.

- Sec. 11. The Indiana economic development corporation, in consultation with the commission, shall develop a strategy to attract renewable energy component manufacturing and assembly facilities to Indiana.
- Sec. 12. Beginning in 2016, not later than March 1 of each year, an electricity supplier shall file with the commission a report of the electricity supplier's compliance with this chapter for the preceding calendar year.
- Sec. 13. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter. A rule adopted under this section may

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establish a procedure by which an electricity supplier that initially elects to comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(c) of this chapter may later comply with the schedule set forth in section 5(b) of this chapter.

SECTION 12. IC 8-1-38 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]:

Chapter 38. Green Infrastructure Incentive Program

- Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "alternate energy production facility" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2.4-2(b).
- (b) The term includes ethanol and biodiesel production facilities. Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "energy utility" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-2.5-2.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "green infrastructure project" means the construction, addition, extension, or improvement of an energy utility's plant or equipment to:
  - (1) provide electric, steam, or gas service to; or
- (2) receive electric, steam, or gas service from; an alternate energy production facility, a renewable energy manufacturing facility, or a renewable energy resource.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy manufacturing facility" means a facility that primarily manufactures components used by:
  - (1) an alternate energy production facility; or
  - (2) a facility that produces electricity from, or conserves electricity from the use of, a renewable energy resource.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "renewable energy resource" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-8.8-10.
- Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall encourage green infrastructure projects by allowing an adjustment of the energy utility's basic rates and charges to provide the timely recovery of reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the energy utility in connection with a green infrastructure project.
- (b) In allowing the recovery of costs by allowing an adjustment of the energy utility's basic rates and charges under subsection (a), the commission shall determine the following:
  - (1) The amount of reasonable and necessary costs that the energy utility may recover.
  - (2) The rate adjustment mechanism by which the energy utility may recover costs.
  - (3) The schedule under which the energy utility may recover costs.

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The commission shall consider whether the energy utility is allowed to recover reasonable and necessary costs under IC 8-1-37-9 for the same green infrastructure project.

Sec. 7. (a) An energy utility must:

- (1) submit an application to the commission for approval of a green infrastructure project for which the energy utility seeks to recover costs under section 6 of this chapter; and
- (2) serve a copy of the application on the Indiana economic development corporation established by IC 5-28-3-1.
- (b) The commission shall prescribe the form for an application submitted under subsection (a).
- (c) Upon receipt of an application under subsection (a), the commission shall review the application for completeness. The commission may request additional information from the applicant as needed.
- (d) Subject to subsection (e), the commission shall approve or deny the application not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of the application.
- (e) The period under subsection (d) does not include the days beginning on the date of a request for additional information under subsection (c) and ending on the date the requested information is provided.
- (f) If the commission fails to act on or before the deadline established in subsection (d) on a complete application submitted under subsection (a):
  - (1) the application is considered approved by the commission; and
  - (2) the energy utility may implement an adjustment of the energy utility's basic rates and charges to provide the timely recovery of reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the energy utility in connection with the green infrastructure project.
- Sec. 8. The commission may adopt rules to implement this chapter.

SECTION 15. IC 8-1-38.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]:

Chapter 38.2. Net Metering

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "customer" means a person, a firm, a corporation, a municipality, or any other government agency that has agreed to pay for retail electric service from an investor owned utility.









- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "eligible net metering customer" means a customer in good standing that owns and operates a net metering facility that has a nameplate capacity less than or equal to one hundred (100) kilowatts.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "in good standing" means a customer:
  - (1) whose account is not more than thirty (30) days in arrears; and
  - (2) who does not have any legal orders outstanding pertaining to the customer's investor owned electric utility.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "interconnected" or "interconnection" means the physical, parallel connection of a net metering facility with a distribution facility of an investor owned electric utility.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "investor owned electric utility" or "utility" means an electric utility that is financed by the sale of securities and whose business operations are overseen by a board representing the shareholders of the electric utility.
- Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "nameplate capacity" means the full load, continuous rating of a generator under specified conditions as designated by the manufacturer.
- Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "net metering" means the measurement of the difference between:
  - (1) the electricity that an investor owned electric utility supplies to an eligible net metering customer; and
  - (2) the electricity that an eligible net metering customer supplies back to the investor owned electric utility.
- Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "net metering facility" means an arrangement of equipment that is:
  - (1) used for the production of electricity from a renewable energy resource (as defined in IC 8-1-8.8-10);
  - (2) owned and operated by an eligible net metering customer;
  - (3) located on the eligible net metering customer's premises; and
  - (4) used primarily to offset all or part of the eligible net metering customer's own electricity requirements.
- Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "parallel" means the designed operation of the net metering facility, interconnection equipment, and the investor owned electric utility's system where the instantaneous flow of electrical energy may automatically occur in either direction across the interconnection point between the net metering facility and the electrical utility's distribution system.

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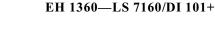
- Sec. 10. (a) An investor owned electric utility shall offer net metering to eligible net metering customers that install a net metering facility.
- (b) An investor owned electric utility may offer net metering to customers other than eligible net metering customers.
- (c) An investor owned electric utility that offers net metering to its customers may limit the total amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the net metering tariff to one percent (1%) of the most recent summer peak load of the utility.
- Sec. 11. An investor owned electric utility shall determine an eligible net metering customer's monthly bill as follows:
  - (1) Bill charges, credits, rates, and adjustments must be in accordance with the utility's tariff and administrative rules that would apply if the eligible net metering customer did not participate in net metering.
  - (2) If the amount of electricity generated during a billing cycle by the net metering customer and delivered to the electric utility is less than the amount of electricity delivered during the same billing cycle by the electric utility to the net metering customer, the electric utility shall bill the net metering customer for the difference between the amounts at the applicable rate under the tariff filed by the electric utility with the commission.
  - (3) If the amount of electricity generated during a billing cycle by the net metering customer and delivered to the electric utility exceeds the amount of electricity delivered during the same billing cycle by the electric utility to the net metering customer, the electric utility shall credit the difference between the amounts, measured in kilowatt hours, to the net metering customer in the next billing cycle.
  - (4) If an eligible net metering customer becomes ineligible or otherwise stops participating in an investor owned electric utility's net metering tariff, any remaining credit determined under subdivision (3) reverts to the utility.

## Sec. 12. A rule that is:

- (1) adopted by the commission and codified at 170 IAC 4-4.2; and  $\,$
- (2) contrary to this chapter;

## is void.

SECTION 16. IC 32-24-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.163-2006, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) As a condition precedent to filing a











complaint in condemnation, and except for an action brought under IC 8-1-13-19 (repealed), a condemnor may enter upon the property as provided in this chapter and must, at least thirty (30) days before filing a complaint, make an offer to purchase the property in the form prescribed in subsection (c). The offer must be served personally or by certified mail upon:

- (1) the owner of the property sought to be acquired; or
- (2) the owner's designated representative.
- (b) If the offer cannot be served personally or by certified mail, or if the owner or the owner's designated representative cannot be found, notice of the offer shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the property is located or in the county where the owner was last known to reside. The notice must be in the following form:

TO: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_(owner(s)), \_\_\_\_\_(condemnor) needs your property for of project), and will need to acquire the following from you: description of the property to be acquired). We have made you a formal offer for this property that is now on file in the Clerk's Office in the County Court House. Please pick up the offer. If you do not respond to this notice or accept the offer by \_\_\_\_ (a date 30 days from 1st date of publication) 20\_\_\_, we shall file a suit to condemn the property. Condemnor The condemnor must file the offer with the clerk of the circuit court with a supporting affidavit that diligent search has been made and that the owner cannot be found. The notice shall be published twice as follows: (1) One (1) notice immediately. (2) A subsequent publication at least seven (7) days and not more than twenty-one (21) days after the publication under subdivision (c) The offer to purchase must be in the following form: UNIFORM PROPERTY OR EASEMENT **ACQUISITION OFFER** \_\_ (condemnor) is authorized by Indiana law to obtain your property or an easement across your property for certain public purposes. \_\_\_\_\_ (condemnor) needs (your property) (an



easement across your property) for a						
(brief description of the project) and needs to take						
(legal description of the property or easement						
to be taken; the legal description may be made on a separate sheet and						
attached to this document if additional space is required)						
It is our opinion that the fair market value of the (property) (easement)						
we want to acquire from you is \$, and, therefore,						
(condemnor) offers you \$ for the above described (property)						
(easement). You have thirty (30) days from this date to accept or reject						
this offer. If you accept this offer, you may expect payment in full						
within ninety (90) days after signing the documents accepting this offer						
and executing the easement, and provided there are no difficulties in						
clearing liens or other problems with title to land. Possession will be						
required thirty (30) days after you have received your payment in full.						
HERE IS A BRIEF SUMMARY OF YOUR OPTIONS AND						
LEGALLY PROTECTED RIGHTS:						
1. By law, (condemnor) is required to make a						
good faith effort to purchase (your property) (an easement across						
your property).						
2. You do not have to accept this offer and						
(condemnor) is not required to agree to your demands.						
3. However, if you do not accept this offer, and we cannot come to						
an agreement on the acquisition of (your property) (an easement),						
(condemnor) has the right to file suit to condemn						
and acquire the (property) (easement) in the county in which the						
property is located.						
4. You have the right to seek advice of an attorney, real estate						
appraiser, or any other person of your choice on this matter.						
5. Unless the condemnor has been issued a certificate of						
authority from the Indiana utility regulatory commission for						
this project under IC 8-1-8.4, you may object to the public						
purpose and necessity of this project.						
6. If (condemnor) files a suit to condemn and						
acquire (your property) (an easement) and the court grants its						
request to condemn, the court will then appoint three appraisers						
who will make an independent appraisal of the (property)						
(easement) to be acquired.						
7. If we both agree with the court appraisers' report, then the matter						
is settled. However, if either of us disagrees with the appraisers'						
report to the court, either of us has the right to ask for a trial to						
decide what should be paid to you for the (property) (easement)						
condemned.						



(condemnor) has the legal option of depositing
the amount of the court appraisers' evaluation with the court. And
if such a deposit is made with the court,
(condemnor) is legally entitled to immediate possession of the
(property) (easement). You may, subject to the approval of the
court, make withdrawals from the amount deposited with the court.
Your withdrawal will in no way affect the proceedings of your case
in court, except that, if the final judgment awarded you is less than
the withdrawal you have made from the amount deposited, you will
be required to pay back to the court the amount of the withdrawal
in excess of the amount of the final judgment.
9. The trial will decide the full amount of damages you are to receive. Both of us will be entitled to present legal evidence
supporting our opinions of the fair market value of the property or
easement. The court's decision may be more or less than this offer.
You may employ, at your cost, appraisers and attorneys to
represent you at this time or at any time during the course of the
proceeding described in this notice. (The condemnor may insert
here any other information pertinent to this offer or required by
circumstances or law).
10. If you have any questions concerning this matter you may
contact us at:
(full name, mailing and street address, and phone of the condemnor)
This offer was made to the owner(s):
This offer was made to the owner(s):  of
of
of,of,
of
of,
of,
of,
of
of,
of
of
of



	_ (condem	nor) sign yo	ur name bel	ow and mail	
this form to the	address in	idicated abov	e. An additi	onal copy of	•
this offer has b	-	•			
		NCE OF OF			
I (We),		_,	,	,	
owner(s) of the					
hereby accept					
(condemnor) or	n this	_ day of	, 20	<b>-</b> •	
-					
_					
_					
$\overline{\mathbf{N}}$	 NOTARY'S	CERTIFICA	 АТЕ		
STATE OF		)			
		)SS:			
COUNTY OF		)			
Subscribed	and sworn	to before	me this _	day of	
, 20 My Commission Exp	ires:				
my commission Emp		<del></del>			
(Signature)					
(Printed) NO	TARY PU	BLIC			y
(d) If the condemn			ed to enter u	pon property	
to restore utility or tr			-		
unforeseeable events,	_		_	-	
not apply for the pur	rpose of re	estoration of	utility or tr	ansportation	
services interrupted b	y the disas	ter or unfores	seeable even	ts. However,	v
the condemnor shall	be respon	nsible to the	property o	wner for all	
damages occasioned b				•	
vacate the property e	-		•	•	
services interrupted b	y the disas	ster or unfore	eseeable ever	nt have been	
restored.".					
Renumber all SEC	CTIONS co	nsecutively.			
and when so amended	d that said	bill do pass.			
(Reference is to H	B 1360 as	reprinted Fel	bruary 21, 20	009.)	
		НЕ	ERSHMAN,	Chairperson	
Committee Vote: Yea	as 10. Navs			·	
231111111100 7010. 101	10, 11 <b>u</b> y				



EH 1360—LS 7160/DI 101+